

# ELMB Motherboard v6.5 (v6.6) and v6.5.3 Automated Production Tester for LVPS

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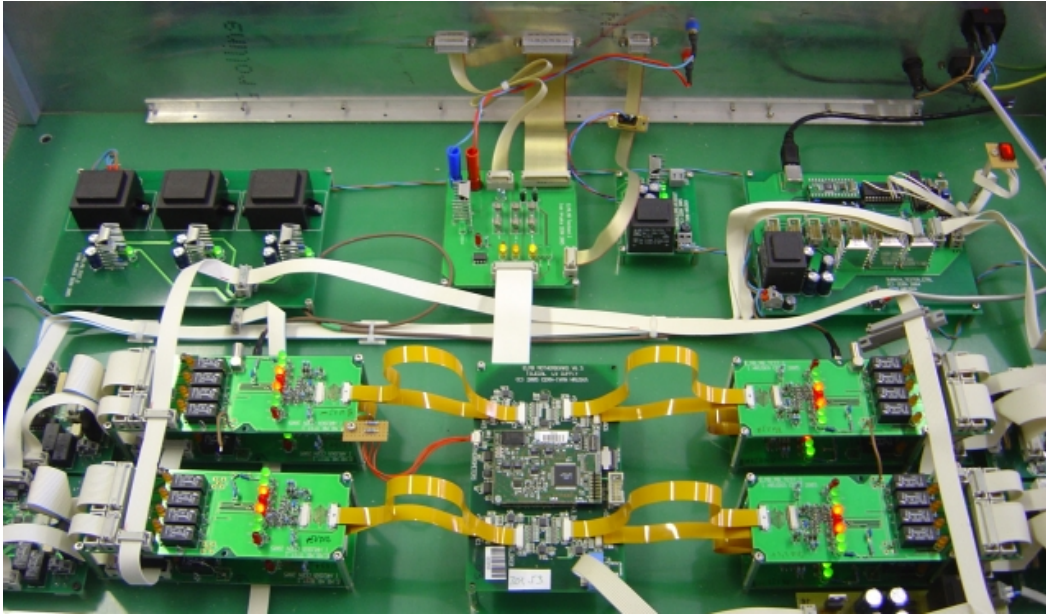


Fig.1: General view on the ELMB\_MB tester.

This brief report presents hardware and software configuration of the ELMB motherboard (ELMB\_MB) production tester for the LVPS TileCal project. The ELMB\_MB v6.5 (v6.5.4) is inside of each LVBOX and sends/receives signals from eight LVPS bricks. The so called ELMB module on the ELMB\_MB is digitizing signals and communicates with a host computer via CAN bus.

An automated production tester was designed to evaluate functionality of each ELMB\_MB manufactured in 300pcs. The described tester has to check:

- CAN bus communication between ELMB module and a host computer via CAN open protocol.
- Simulated behavior of all connected bricks (3VDIG, 5VDIG, 5VMB, -5MB, 15MB, -15VHV, 15HV, 5HV)
  - = Startup signal on each brick
  - = Three thermometers on bricks
  - = Input/Output brick parameters ( $V_{in}$ ,  $I_{in}$ ,  $V_{out}$ ,  $I_{out}$ )
  - = enable/disable DIG/HV loops
  - = brick  $V_{out}$  DAC Trimming simulation on ELMB\_MB motherboard
- simulation of five sense line signals from 3VDIG, 5VDIG, 5VMB, -5VMB, 15VMB
- reading of two heatsink thermometers connected to ELMB\_MB
- clock distribution to each brick for possible DC/DC switching synchronization

## **ELMB\_MB v6.5 and v6.5.3, v6.6 differences**

Main differences between mentioned versions are the powering of sense line optocouplers, and resistor dividers of five sense lines.

**ELMB\_MB v6.5** [10, 11] is the original produced motherboard, sense line optocouplers are powered from 5VMB line. Also all sense lines have original resistor divider ratios.

**ELMB\_MB v6.5.3 (A)** is the final production version for LVPS boxes since March 2007 [1]. Sense line optocouplers of all five monitored bricks are powered from 5VDIG line, all resistor dividers have different configuration ratio than in version 6.5.

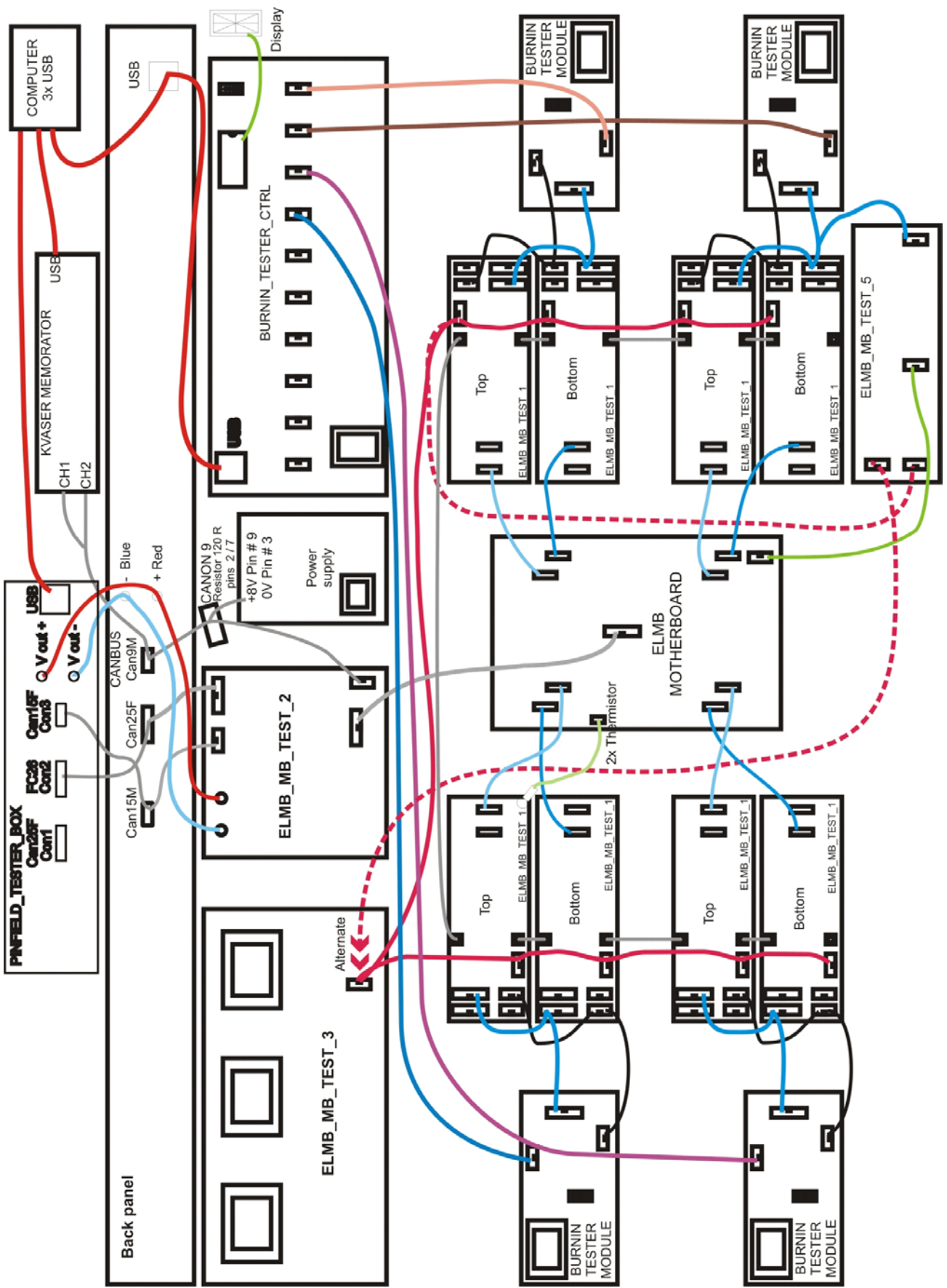
**ELMB\_MB v6.6** is a prototype version with ALTERA PLD controller chip with additional hardware OverVoltage Protection, OverCurrent Protection, and UnderVoltage Protection for each brick. Complicated design and difficult to test. Finally it has been abandoned for production. The sense lines can be powered either from 5VDIG or 5VMB. The same divider ratios as in version 6.5.

## **ELMB\_MB Tester Hardware**

The tester is composed of several interconnected functional electronic boards; some of them were already used in other LVPS production testers for bricks:

- ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_1 card           8pcs
- ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_2 card        1pcs
- ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_3 card        1pcs
- ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_5 card        1pcs
- BURNIN\_TESTER\_MODULE       4pcs
- BURNIN\_TESTER\_CTRL         1pcs
- PINFIELD\_TESTER\_BOX        1pcs
- CAN BUS KVASER MEMORATOR (2x serial port to USB, see [www.kvaser.com](http://www.kvaser.com))
- 3 USB (device to PC) cables, interconnection cables PINFIELD/ELMB\_MB tester
- PC computer with WIN2000/XP system
  - = Winhost+.exe v1.7 diagnostic tool for the CAN bus, it has been created by ATLAS/DCS group with specific functionality for the Embedded Local Monitor Board (ELMB)    + Canlib32.dll library
  - = Excel 2000 program, Visual Basic for application

Overall interconnection scheme between all boards is shown on next page.



**ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_1 card**

*ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_1\_scheme.pdf*

TEST\_1 card is a plug-in interconnection board (see Fig.2) that is sitting between ELMB\_MB under test and BURNIN\_TESTER\_MODULE board. Simulated parameters (thermometers, voltages, currents) of each virtual LVPS brick are designed, several control LEDs signalize active parameter, several relays switch on/off tested parameters.

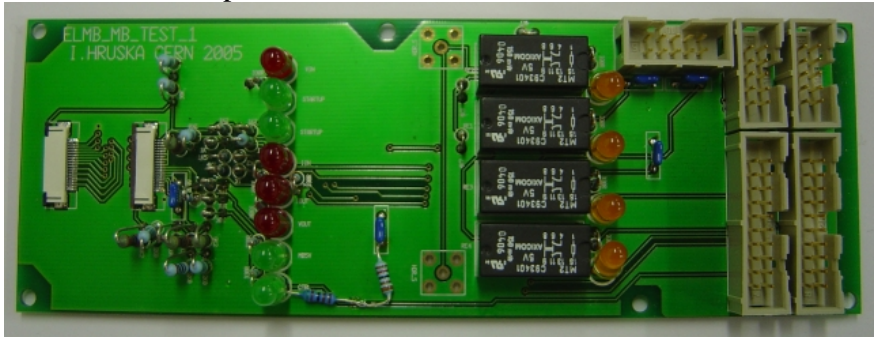


Fig.2. The ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_1 plug-in board.

**ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_2 card**

*ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_2\_scheme.pdf*

TEST\_2 card is also an interconnection board between ELMB\_MB under test and the PINFIELD\_TESTER\_BOX and KVASER CAN bus interface, see Fig.3. The PINFIELD tester delivers several power supply lines for ELMB\_MB power (ELMB\_MB power 11V, ELMB module power 8V, Startup signal +15V). CAN bus signals are also distributed via this board.

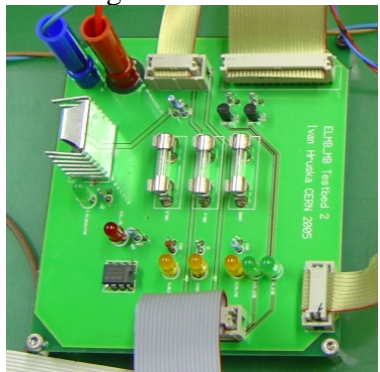


Fig.3. The ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_2 card.

**ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_3 card**

*ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_3\_scheme.pdf*

It is a power supply board delivering 2x 5V and -5V voltages for other MB tester cards, see Fig.4.

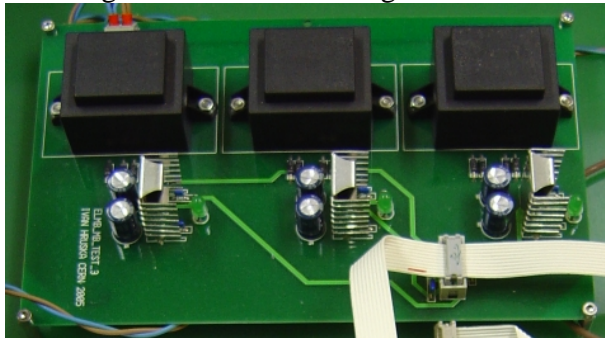


Fig.4. The ELMB\_MB\_TES\_3 power supply board.



**ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_5 card**

*ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_5\_scheme.pdf*

It is an active electronic board that simulates five sense power lines (3VDIG, 5VMB, 5VDIG, 15MB) of an LVBOX, see Fig. 5. All sense lines are swept (except of 5VDIG that is stable +5V) via J4 connector from BURNIN-TESTER\_MODULE DAC chip. J1 is connected to the ELMB\_MB sense line inputs. Additional and optional connectors J5 and J6 can be used in case one 5V power (generated by ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_3 board) need to be trimmed by DAC. It is not used during ELMB\_MB v6.5, v6.5.3 tests.

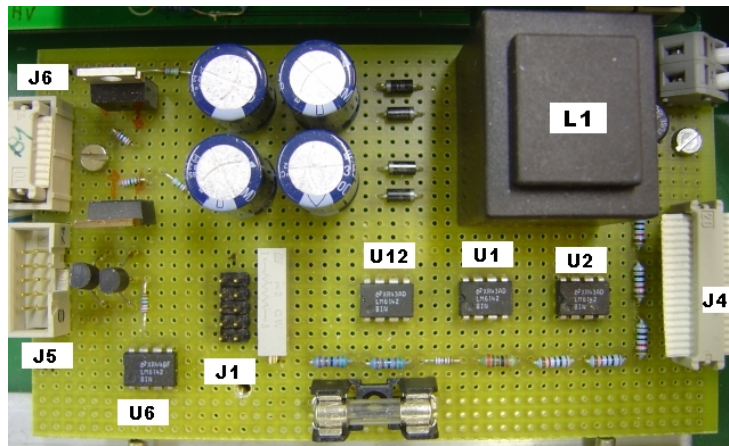


Fig.5. The ELMB-MB\_5 board.

**BURNIN\_TESTER\_MODULE board**

*BURNIN\_TESTER\_MODULE\_scheme.pdf*

This board was developed for BUNIN tester for production testing of LVPS bricks, see Fig.6. It contains PIC16F873 microcontroller with three communication ports. Microcontroller communicates with BURNIN\_CTRL board via J11 (opto isolated serial bus communication). A 16channel ADC chip from Linear Technology digitizes analog signal inputs from the brick. The board is connected to ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_1 board via J17.

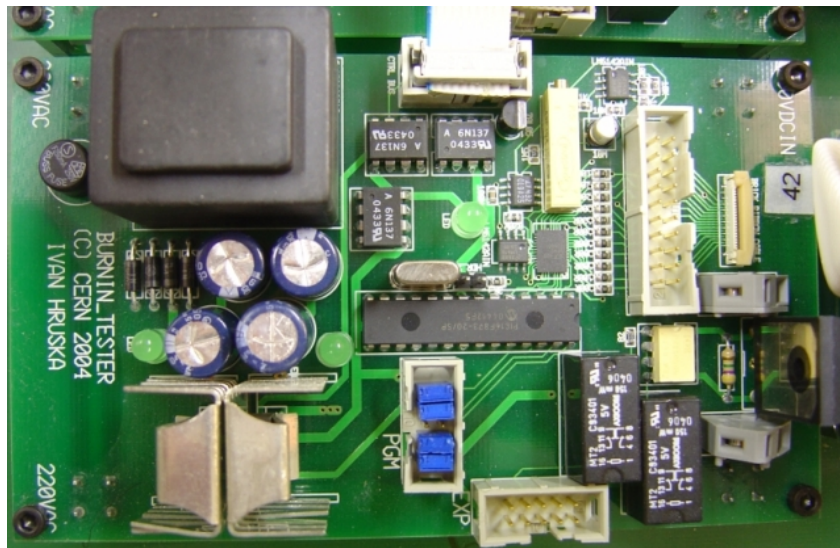


Fig.6. The BURNIN\_TESTER\_MODULE board.

**BURNIN\_TESTER\_CTRL card**

*BURNIN\_TESTER\_CTRL\_scheme.pdf*

This board contains PIC16F873 microcontroller that functions as a serial data multiplexer between selected 1 of 10 BURNIN\_MODULE boards and UMS2 chip (USB to serial port interface, [www.fdti.com](http://www.fdti.com)). This card was also developed for BURNIN tester of LVPS bricks.

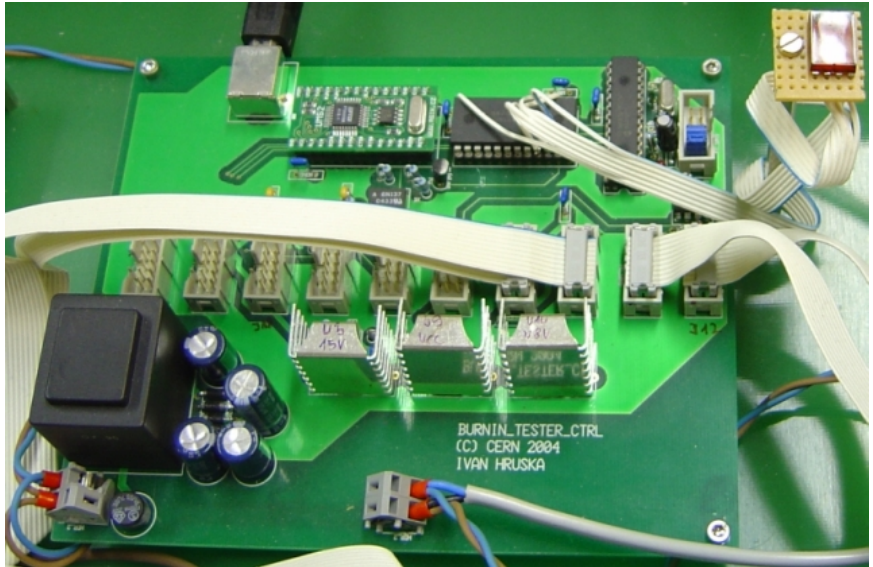


Fig.7. The BURNIN\_TESTER\_CTRL card.

**PINFIELD\_TESTER\_BOX**

*PINF\_TESTER\_CONTROL\_scheme.pdf*

Control box for PINFIELD tester was also used in ELMB\_MB tester, see Fig.8. At the back side there are three connectors (Con1, Con2, and Con3). Con2 (FC26M) and Con3 (DSUB15F) are interconnected and supply voltages/signals to ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_2 board. An USB to serial interface is used for PC communication.



Fig.8. Front side and backside view of the PINFIELD TESTER BOX.

## ELMB\_MB Tester Software

*ELMB\_MB\_Tester.xls*

The ELMB\_MB tester is automated using a Visual Basic program in an EXCEL file. This program communicates with PINFIELD\_TESTER\_BOX, BURNIN\_TESTER\_CONTROL card, and KVASER CAN bus interface by means of 3 USB ports. The ELMB module communicates with a host PC via CAN bus. Eight brick behavior and five sense line voltages are simulated by means of 4 BURNIN-TESTER-MODULEs, 8 ELMB-MB\_TEST\_1 cards, and ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_5 board.

### ELMB\_MB tester - Short Users Manual

- 1) Start PC computer
- 2) Start ELMB\_MB test bed + switch on PINFIELD\_TESTER\_BOX.
- 3) Start Excel sheet *ELMB\_MB\_Tester.xls* with prepared table and visual basic code inside.
- 4) Start ELMB\_MB tester panel by “CTRL-S”, see displayed menu in Fig.9.

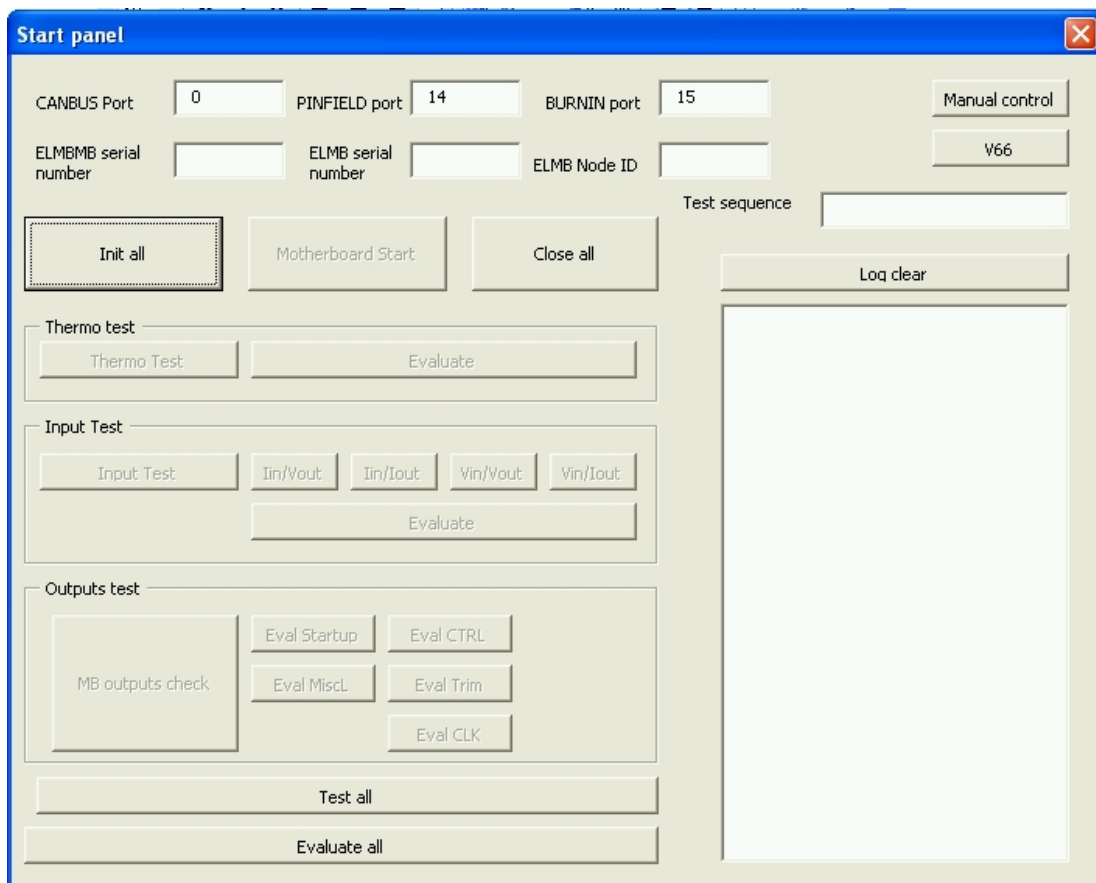


Fig.9. ELMB\_MB tester Start Panel in the *ELMB\_MB\_Tester.xls* sheet.

- 6) Set proper port numbers (default CANBUS=0, PINFIELD=14, BURNIN=15), you need to verify COM ports in Windows menu “My Computer – Properties – Hardware – Device Manager – Serial Ports (COM-LPT) – USB Serial Port and number”
- 7) Push button "Init all" (initialization command are sent to CAN controller and PINFIELD BOX controller)

- 8) Wait for a response in the status window (3 times "CAN: No error").
- 9) Push button "Motherboard Start".
- 10) Program asks for ELMB\_MB ID name (102xxx) and ELMB chip ID (Bxxx, Cxxx, Dxxx, Exxx).
- 11) Tester starts to power ELMB\_MB and searches for ELMB CAN bus node. Then it returns node number and init of ADC. Wait for response in status window that program recognized the ELMB chip and communication started.
- 11) Push button "Test All" and click to status window to see the data communication progress.
- 12) Window "Test sequence" shows actual test procedure and indicates Test finished.
- 13) Evaluation of results is automatically started after full test and in case of any error a new window with PCB picture is displayed. Orange dot indicates position of the problem. Errors could also be seen in the table by showing the wrong measured values in red.
- 14) Program finally stores the whole sheet under the tested ELMB motherboard name (102xxx.xls) into a standard xls file.

## **EXCEL TABLE COLOR SCHEME**

GREEN - Value within tolerance - GOOD

CYAN - Table background

RED - bad value (out of tolerance)

YELLOW - field to set reference values and tolerances (in %)

OTHER COLORS - to indicate blocks or comments

## **DESCRIPTION OF PERFORMED TESTS**

The ELMB MB tester simulates a real operation of motherboard and associated eight bricks including CAN bus communication with a host PC.

### ***1) Thermometer input test***

Three thermometers on the brick are simulated by resistors switched by relays. Readout values are then varied to see a crosstalk between channels. There are two fixed values of resistors simulating 20 and 60 deg of Celsius.

### ***2) Input test***

The program checks four input readouts ( $V_{in}$ ,  $V_{out}$ ,  $I_{in}$  and  $I_{out}$ ) of each brick. Brick values are simulated by using resistor dividers and relays. Sequence has four simulated states; values are then saved and checked in the table. There is also possible to switch any of relay combination manually to re-measure values by DVM directly on the board and eliminate contacting problems.

### ***3) StartUp Test***

Test of StartUp signal connectivity between ELMB\_MB and individual bricks via ribbon cables.

### ***4) ON/OFF test***

Test simulates current loops for remote control and then checks the whole chain from the current loop until the control input of brick in both "switch" positions.



## 5) *Miscellaneous functions test*

Behavior of additional ELMB\_MB sub-circuits.

MISC\_ELMB\_MB\_VIN verifies the voltage of ELMB motherboard power

MISC\_HEATSINK\_IN - temperature of water input (simulated by a fixed resistor)

MISC\_HEATSINK\_OUT - temperature of water output (fixed resistor)

Following testes verify the functionality of five sense line voltages and proper behavior of isolation amplifiers on ELMB\_MB:

MISC\_SENS\_15VDIG

MISC\_SENS\_33DIG

MISC\_SENS\_5VDIG

MISC\_SENS\_5VMB

MISC\_SENS\_M5VMB

These sense lines are ramped up by an external DAC circuit to see the transfer function; it is displayed in the excel graph and table.

## 6) *DAC trimming test*

Test is to verify the functionality of all DACs on motherboard; it is used for brick output voltage trimming. Two trimming values (MAX/MIN) are sent and measured by an external ADC.

## 7) *CLOCK test*

Test checks path of the signal chain for brick synchronized switching clock distribution. An external differential driver sends two logic states to ELMB\_MB, clock inputs of each individual brick are then measured.

## **REFERENCES:**

[1] B.Palan, A.Tikhonov: Manual of ELMB\_MB v.6.5.3A modifications for technicians, CERN internal report, ATLAS/TileCal/LVPS/02-2007, 13 March 2007.

[2] *ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_1\_scheme.pdf*

[3] *ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_2\_scheme.pdf*

[4] *ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_3\_scheme.pdf*

[5] *ELMB\_MB\_TEST\_5\_scheme.pdf*

[6] *BURNIN\_TESTER\_MODULE\_scheme.pdf*

[7] *BURNIN\_TESTER\_CTRL\_scheme.pdf*

[8] *PINF\_TESTER\_CONTROL\_scheme.pdf*

[9] *ELMB\_MB\_Tester.xls*

[10] *ELMB\_firmware.pdf*

[11] *ELMB\_MB\_V65\_scheme.pdf*